Quiz! Biomedical HIV Prevention Research

HIV prevention research consists of clinical studies assessing how well new medicines or medical devices help to prevent HIV. With regard to clinical studies, please indicate whether you believe the following statements to be true or false. If you are unsure, you may select, "don't know."

		True	False	Don't know
1.	Scientists test how well medicines and vaccines prevent HIV by encouraging study volunteers to engage in high-risk behavior.	Т	F	DK
2.	Before participating in HIV prevention studies, study participants are given detailed information on the side effects they might experience.	Т	F	DK
3.	The involvement of ethnically and racially diverse participants in clinical trials is a priority for researchers.	Т	F	DK
4.	Scientists have already developed a vaccine that prevents HIV.	т	F	DK
5.	Volunteers for preventive HIV vaccine trials cannot get HIV from the vaccines being tested.	Т	F	DK
6.	HIV vaccines under study would train the body to recognize HIV if a person is exposed to the virus.	Т	F	DK
7.	HIV vaccines do not contain live human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).	Т	F	DK
8.	PrEP is a way to prevent HIV by taking HIV medication after exposure to the virus.	Т	F	DK
9.	Daily oral PrEP has been shown to reduce the likelihood of contracting HIV among gay men, transgender women, and in couples where one person has HIV and the other does not.	Т	F	DK
10.	PrEP is an HIV prevention method intended for use by people living with HIV.	Т	F	DK
11.	Microbicides refer to pills taken orally to prevent people from contracting HIV.	Т	F	DK
12.	Microbicides are only being tested among women.	Т	F	DK
13.	Most microbicides tested today contain HIV antiretroviral drugs which are used to treat people living with HIV.	Т	F	DK
14.	There are possible health risks associated with participating in biomedical HIV prevention studies.	Т	F	DK

	True	False	Don't know
15. Many people living with HIV around the world are <i>virally suppressed</i> , meaning their medications have succeeded in reducing the amount of HIV in the body to levels such that a regular HIV test can no longer detect the virus. People with <i>viral suppression</i> cannot transmit HIV to their sex partners, even if they don't use a condom or PrEP.		F	DK